



Medicare covers a wide variety of drugs and therapies through Medicare Part A, Part B, Part C and Part D.

Medicare Part A

- » Covers drugs administered in a hospital or nursing facility.
- » Example — Part A covers the cost of medication needed to recover from a hospital procedure, like a hip replacement.

Medicare Part B

- » Covers drugs administered in a doctor's office or hospital outpatient setting.
- » Example — Part B covers chemotherapy for someone getting weekly infusions at the doctor's office.

Medicare Part C

- » Also known as Medicare Advantage.
- » Covers everything that Part A and Part B typically cover.
- » Most Medicare Advantage plans include Part D prescription drug coverage as well.

Medicare Part D

- » Covers prescription drugs.
- » Part D plans must cover at least two drugs in each of six therapeutic categories: antidepressants, antipsychotics, anticonvulsants, immunosuppressants, antiretrovirals and antineoplastics.

Questions about Medicare and drug coverage? A licensed, professional agent or broker can help!